

# Influence of Remote Therapeutic Monitoring on Efficiency and Effectiveness of PT in Home Health Settings

Shivangi Chaughule<sup>1</sup>, Isha Bhonde<sup>2,\*</sup>

## Abstract

*The delivery of physical therapy (PT) services in a home health setting presents unique challenges and opportunities, particularly as the demand for personalized, patient-centric care continues to grow. Remote therapeutic monitoring (RTM) has emerged as a transformative tool, enabling therapists to monitor patients' progress, adherence, and outcomes beyond the traditional in-person visits. Leveraging technologies, such as wearable devices, mobile applications, and telecommunication platforms, RTM bridges the gap between sessions, fostering greater patient engagement and facilitating real-time feedback for clinicians. In home health care, where patients often have limited access to clinic-based resources, RTM has the potential to significantly enhance the efficiency and effectiveness of therapeutic interventions. By capturing objective data on parameters like range of motion, strength, and activity levels, RTM empowers therapists to make informed decisions, tailor interventions, and optimize outcomes. Additionally, it aids in addressing common barriers, such as missed appointments, lack of motivation, or difficulties in self-management, which can impede recovery.*

**Keywords:** Remote therapeutic, monitoring, functional training, geriatric physical therapy, health

## INTRODUCTION

The delivery of physical therapy (PT) services has traditionally relied on in-person interactions and assessments. While this hands-on approach remains essential, it can present significant challenges, particularly for patients in home health settings. Factors, such as mobility limitations, lack of transportation, and geographic barriers often hinder patients' access to regular clinic-based care. As the global population ages and the demand for personalized, patient-centered care increases, healthcare systems are under pressure to innovate and adapt. One such innovation transforming the landscape of PT is remote therapeutic monitoring (RTM) [1].

RTM leverages advances in wearable technology, mobile applications, and secure telecommunication platforms to collect, transmit, and analyze patient data outside of traditional clinical settings. By enabling therapists to monitor parameters like adherence to exercise programs, functional performance, and physiological markers in real-time, RTM bridges the gap between in-person sessions. This continuous monitoring not only facilitates timely interventions but also enhances patient engagement, accountability, and overall treatment outcomes [2].

### \*Author for Correspondence

Isha Bhonde  
E-mail: [bhonde.isha@gmail.com](mailto:bhonde.isha@gmail.com)

<sup>1-2</sup>Physical Therapist, Department of Homecare Physical Therapy, Fox Rehabilitation, Jersey City, NJ, USA

Received Date: December 07, 2024  
Accepted Date: December 16, 2024  
Published Date: January 03, 2025

**Citation:** Isha Bhonde, Shivangi Chaughule. Influence of Remote Therapeutic Monitoring on Efficiency and Effectiveness of PT in Home Health Settings. Research & Reviews: A Journal of Medical Science and Technology. 2025; 14(1): 35–40p.

The rise of telehealth and remote monitoring was significantly accelerated by the COVID-19 pandemic, which underscored the need for flexible and resilient healthcare delivery models. During

this period, telehealth proved to be an effective solution for maintaining continuity of care, especially for non-urgent medical needs. For home health PT, the integration of RTM has provided a unique opportunity to extend care beyond the confines of scheduled visits, offering real-time insights that inform clinical decision-making and optimize patient recovery [3].

Home health PT caters to diverse patient populations, including older adults, individuals recovering from surgery, and those managing chronic conditions. In these cases, RTM can address common barriers to effective care, such as missed appointments, low motivation, and difficulties in self-management. By providing objective data on factors like range of motion, muscle strength, and activity levels, RTM empowers therapists to tailor interventions with greater precision, fostering a proactive rather than reactive approach to rehabilitation [4].

The benefits of RTM extend beyond patients to healthcare providers and the broader healthcare system. Therapists can improve workflow efficiency, manage larger caseloads, and make data-driven decisions that enhance care quality. Meanwhile, the healthcare system can benefit from reduced costs, fewer hospital readmissions, and improved care. Despite these advantages, challenges, such as patient adoption, technological literacy, and system integration must be carefully considered to maximize the potential of RTM [5].

This article explores the concept, benefits, and challenges of RTM in the context of home health PT. By examining how RTM enhances clinical decision-making, patient engagement, and adherence to treatment plans, we will highlight its transformative role in modern healthcare. Additionally, we will address the key factors driving the adoption of home health PT and discuss how RTM aligns with value-based care models, ultimately contributing to better outcomes and greater accessibility for patients. Telemedicine was initially developed to care for astronauts during space missions and is now being applied to everyday patient care [6]. The application of telemedicine grew exponentially due to the COVID-19 pandemic, and this model of care will likely be integrated into the regular delivery of health care within the next years. The importance of telemedicine for patients with nonurgent medical needs during these times has been emphasized [7, 8].

### **RTM FOCUSES ON SPECIFIC HEALTH METRICS RELEVANT TO THERAPY**

1. *Adherence to Therapeutic Exercises:* Tracking how well patients follow prescribed routines.
2. *Response to Treatment Protocols:* Monitoring pain levels, functional abilities, or other therapy outcomes.
3. *Activity Levels:* Measuring steps taken, heart rate, or other parameters of physical activity.
4. *Physiological Data:* Collecting metrics like joint range of motion, muscle strength, or postural alignment through wearable sensors or apps.

### **Key Components of RTM**

1. *Devices and Sensors:* These include wearable technologies, motion trackers, and smart devices that collect quantitative data.
2. *Mobile Applications:* Apps are used to guide patients in completing exercises, logging symptoms, or interacting with their therapists.
3. *Data Analytics Platforms:* RTM systems process and analyze patient data, providing actionable insights for healthcare providers.
4. *Communication Channels:* Secure telecommunication platforms allow therapists to interact with patients for feedback, adjustments, and encouragement.

### **Benefits of RTM**

RTM offers a host of benefits to patients, healthcare providers, and the healthcare system. By integrating technology into care delivery, RTM enhances the efficiency, effectiveness, and accessibility of therapeutic interventions [9].

## **For Patients**

### ***Personalized Care***

- RTM enables tailored treatment plans based on real-time data, ensuring that interventions address individual needs and progress.

### ***Improved Adherence and Accountability***

- Regular monitoring and feedback encourage patients to adhere to prescribed therapeutic exercises and activities.

### ***Increased Engagement***

- Interactive apps and wearable devices keep patients motivated by tracking their progress and celebrating milestones.

### ***Convenience and Accessibility***

- Patients can receive high-quality care without needing frequent clinic visits, which is especially beneficial for those with mobility or transportation challenges.

### ***Faster Recovery***

- Early detection of setbacks through continuous monitoring allows for prompt adjustments, leading to improved outcomes.

## **For Healthcare Providers**

### ***Enhanced Efficiency***

- RTM reduces the need for frequent in-person appointments by providing actionable data remotely, allowing therapists to manage more patients effectively.

### ***Data-Driven Decision Making***

- Objective metrics, such as range of motion or activity levels, help refine treatment plans and track progress with precision.

### ***Proactive Intervention***

- Alerts for non-adherence or deviations in recovery enable early intervention, preventing complications and reducing the risk of re-injury.

### ***Streamlined Documentation***

- Many RTM platforms automatically document patient data, simplifying compliance with regulatory and reimbursement requirements.

### ***Cost-Effectiveness***

- By reducing travel and time demands, RTM enables therapists to maximize their billable time and optimize resources.

Health care practitioners found that these technologies can greatly benefit patients who are expected to self-manage at home by increasing their awareness and thus their confidence [1].

## **For the Healthcare System**

### ***Improved Outcomes***

- Consistent monitoring and timely interventions contribute to better overall recovery rates, reducing hospital readmissions.

### ***Reduced Healthcare Costs***

- Fewer emergency visits and clinic appointments lead to cost savings for patients and providers.

***Alignment with Value-Based Care***

- RTM promotes outcomes-focused care, aligning with healthcare models that prioritize quality over quantity.

***Scalability of Care***

- RTM technology can be used across large populations, making it a practical solution for addressing growing demands in home health and rehabilitation.

**Key Factors Driving the Importance of Home Health PT*****Aging Population***

- The global population is aging rapidly, with a significant rise in chronic conditions, such as arthritis, diabetes, and cardiovascular diseases. Older adults often face mobility challenges and benefit from receiving care in a familiar environment [10].

***Post-Surgical Rehabilitation***

- Home health PT is essential for recovery after surgeries like joint replacements, allowing patients to regain function while avoiding the risks and inconvenience of traveling to outpatient facilities.

***Personalized and Holistic Care***

- Therapists can assess and adapt treatment plans to the patient's home environment, addressing real-life functional needs, such as climbing stairs or navigating their living space.

***Reduction in Hospital Readmissions***

- Studies show that early and consistent home-based rehabilitation significantly lowers the risk of hospital readmissions, particularly for conditions like stroke, hip fractures, or heart failure.

***Convenience and Accessibility***

- Home health PT eliminates barriers, such as transportation issues, weather conditions, and travel fatigue, ensuring that patients receive uninterrupted care.

***Cost-Effectiveness***

- By avoiding prolonged hospital stays and reducing the need for frequent outpatient visits, home-based therapy lowers healthcare costs for both patients and providers.

***Patient Comfort and Motivation***

- Being in their own environment often boosts patients' comfort, reducing stress and improving compliance with therapy regimens. This familiar setting also allows therapists to address specific home-related challenges that might affect recovery.

***Pandemic Influence***

- The COVID-19 pandemic highlighted the need for healthcare delivery outside traditional clinical settings, accelerating the adoption of home health services and telehealth solutions.

**Efficacy of RTM for Physical Therapists**

- *Enhanced Clinical Decision-Making:* RTM provides real-time, objective data, such as joint range of motion, activity levels, and adherence rates, allowing therapists to tailor interventions with precision. Continuous feedback loops help therapists identify treatment inefficiencies and adjust plans proactively, improving clinical outcomes.
- *Better Patient Engagement:* Interactive RTM platforms, including mobile apps and wearable devices, keep patients motivated and accountable by tracking progress and celebrating milestones. Studies show that patients who are actively engaged in their care experience faster and more sustainable recovery.

- *Early Detection of Issues:* RTM alerts therapists to deviations from expected recovery patterns, such as decreased activity levels or increased pain, enabling early intervention to prevent setbacks or complications. This proactive approach improves the likelihood of successful rehabilitation.
- *Facilitating Telehealth Integration:* RTM complements telehealth by providing measurable data during virtual consultations, allowing therapists to maintain high-quality care even when in-person visits are limited.

### **Effectiveness of RTM for Physical Therapists**

- *Improved Workflow Efficiency:* RTM reduces the need for frequent in-person visits, enabling therapists to manage larger caseloads without compromising quality. Automated tracking and reporting streamline administrative tasks, freeing up time for patient-focused care.
- *Increased Adherence and Compliance:* RTM fosters patient accountability by monitoring adherence to prescribed exercises, a critical factor in achieving therapeutic goals. Therapists report higher compliance rates with RTM than with traditional methods alone.
- *Optimized Resource Utilization:* By focusing on patients who need the most attention based on RTM data, therapists can allocate their time and resources more effectively. Patients progressing as expected can be monitored remotely, reducing unnecessary clinic visits.
- *Better Patient Outcomes:* RTM contributes to improved functional outcomes by promoting consistent exercise, reducing recovery time, and minimizing the risk of re-injury. Therapists can ensure long-term success by using RTM to identify and address potential issues before they escalate.

### **Challenges with the use of RTM**

Patients may believe that their health care practitioners are continuously monitoring the data and may postpone contact [4]. Furthermore, majority of the patient population is in an older age group for whom technology can be disorienting or even the diversity of the equipment from different manufacturers can become complex [4, 5].

### **CONCLUSIONS**

RTM represents a paradigm shift in the practice of PT, particularly in home health and outpatient settings. Its efficacy in improving clinical decision-making, patient engagement, and adherence to treatment regimens underscores its value as a transformative tool in modern healthcare. RTM not only enhances the precision and effectiveness of therapeutic interventions but also streamlines workflows, enabling physical therapists to manage larger caseloads without compromising quality. The health care practitioners believed constant monitoring would enhance the relationship because patients would feel heard and supported by their health care practitioners through individualized care, which aligns with patients' reported perceptions.

By fostering a data-driven, patient-centered approach, RTM empowers therapists to intervene proactively, optimize recovery outcomes, and align with value-based care models that emphasize efficiency and results. While challenges like patient adoption and system integration remain, the overall impact of RTM in enhancing therapeutic outcomes is undeniable.

As the healthcare landscape continues to evolve, RTM stands poised to become an integral component of PT practice, driving better outcomes, greater accessibility, and more personalized care for patients across diverse settings.

### **REFERENCES**

1. Aamodt IT, Lycholip E, Celutkiene J, von Lueder TG, Atar D, Falk RS, et al. Health care professionals' perceptions of home telemonitoring in heart failure care: Cross-sectional survey. *J Med Internet Res*. 2019;21(4):e10362. doi:10.2196/10362.

2. Korpershoek YJG, Vervoort S, Trappenburg JCA, Schuurmans MJ. Perceptions of patients with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease and their health care providers towards using mHealth for self-management of exacerbations: A qualitative study. *BMC Health Serv Res.* 2018;18(1):757. doi:10.1186/s12913-018-3562-0.
3. Nissen L, Lindhardt T. A qualitative study of COPD patients' experience of a telemedicine intervention. *Int J Med Inform.* 2017;107:11–17. doi:10.1016/j.ijmedinf.2017.08.003.
4. Fraiche AM, Matlock DD, Gabriel W, Rapley F-A, Kramer DB. Patient and provider perspectives on remote monitoring of pacemakers and implantable cardioverter-defibrillators. *Am J Cardiol.* 2021;149:42–46. doi:10.1016/j.amjcard.2021.02.040.
5. Maguire R, Connaghan J, Arber A, Goodman K, Sugrue R, Cox K, et al. Advanced symptom management system for patients with malignant pleural mesothelioma (ASyMSmeso): Mixed methods study. *J Med Internet Res.* 2020;22(11):e19180. doi:10.2196/19180.
6. Freiburger G, Holcomb M, Piper D. The STARPAHC collection: Part of an archive of the history of telemedicine. *J Telemed Telecare.* 2007;13(5):221–223. doi:10.1258/135763307781644848.
7. Temesgen ZM, DeSimone DC, Mahmood M, Libertin CR, Palraj BRV, Berbari EF. Health care after the COVID-19 pandemic and the influence of telemedicine. *Mayo Clin Proc.* 2020;95(9S):S66–8. doi:10.1016/j.mayocp.2020.06.056.
8. Lakkireddy DR, Chung MK, Deering TF, Albert CM, Day JD, Lakkireddy D, et al. Guidance for rebooting electrophysiology through the COVID-19 pandemic from the Heart Rhythm Society and the American Heart Association Electrocardiography and Arrhythmias Committee of the Council on Clinical Cardiology: Endorsed by the American College of Cardiology. *Heart Rhythm.* 2020;17(9):e242–e254. doi:10.1016/j.hrthm.2020.06.026.
9. Moreo K, Sapir T. Growth of remote therapeutic monitoring lands new opportunities for case management. *Prof Case Manag.* 2024;29(2):63–69. doi:10.1097/NCM.0000000000000688.
10. Delaney C, Apostolidis B, Bartos S, Robbins R, Young AK. Pilot testing of the Home Care Education, Assessment, Remote-Monitoring, and Therapeutic Activities (HEART) intervention. *Home Health Care Manag Pract.* 2014;26(4):205–216. doi:10.1177/1084822314530991.